

EC2272 ANÁLISIS DE CIRCUITOS II – FORMULARIO N° 1

RESPUESTA NATURAL DE CIRCUITOS DE SEGUNDO ORDEN

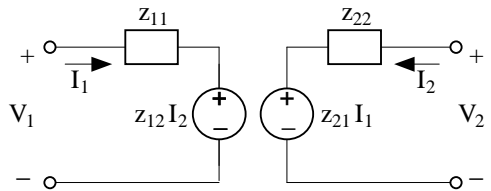
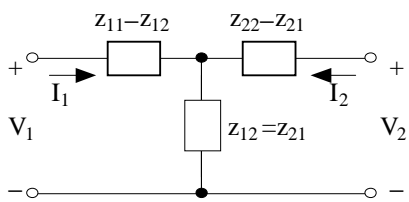
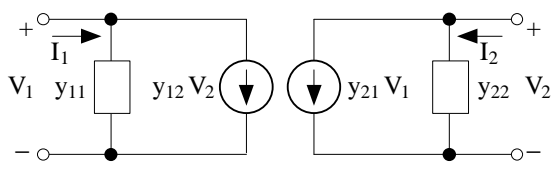
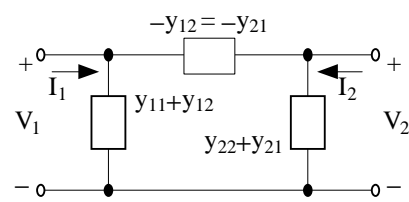
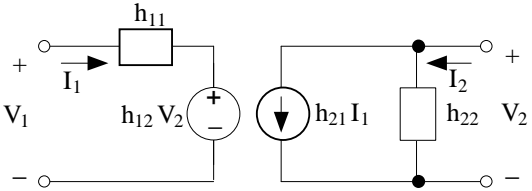
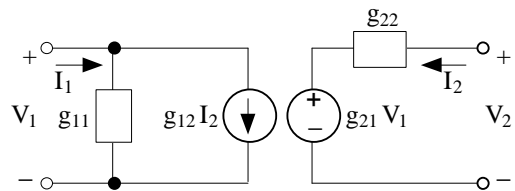
$$\frac{d^2 X_h(t)}{dt^2} + 2\alpha \frac{dX_h(t)}{dt} + \omega_0^2 X_h(t) = 0$$

| | | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| $\alpha > \omega_0$ | $s_1 = -\alpha - \sqrt{\alpha^2 - \omega_0^2}$; $s_2 = -\alpha + \sqrt{\alpha^2 - \omega_0^2}$ | $X_h(t) = A e^{s_1 t} + B e^{s_2 t}$ |
| $\alpha < \omega_0$ | $\omega_d = \sqrt{\omega_0^2 - \alpha^2}$ | $X_h(t) = e^{-\alpha t} [A \cos(\omega_d t) + B \sin(\omega_d t)]$ |
| $\alpha = \omega_0$ | | $X_h(t) = e^{-\alpha t} (A + Bt)$ |

RÉGIMEN SINUSOIDAL PERMANENTE

| Voltajes | Corrientes | Inmitancias |
|--|--|--|
| $\mathbf{V} = V e^{j\phi_v}$ $v(t) = \text{Re}\{\mathbf{V} e^{j\omega t}\} = V \cos(\omega t + \phi_v)$ | $\mathbf{I} = I e^{j\phi_i}$ $i(t) = \text{Re}\{\mathbf{I} e^{j\omega t}\} = I \cos(\omega t + \phi_i)$ | $Z = \mathbf{V} / \mathbf{I} = R + jX$ $Y = \mathbf{I} / \mathbf{V} = G + jB$ |

REDES DE DOS PUERTOS

| | |
|--|--|
| <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Parámetros Z</i></p> $V_1 = z_{11}I_1 + z_{12}I_2$ $V_2 = z_{21}I_1 + z_{22}I_2$  <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Redes Pasivas:</i></p>  | <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Parámetros Y</i></p> $I_1 = y_{11}V_1 + y_{12}V_2$ $I_2 = y_{21}V_1 + y_{22}V_2$  <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Redes Pasivas:</i></p>  |
| <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Parámetros H</i></p> $V_1 = h_{11}I_1 + h_{12}V_2$ $I_2 = h_{21}I_1 + h_{22}V_2$  | <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Parámetros G</i></p> $I_1 = g_{11}V_1 + g_{12}I_2$ $V_2 = g_{21}V_1 + g_{22}I_2$  |
| <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Parámetros ABCD</i></p> $V_1 = AV_2 - BI_2$ $I_1 = CV_2 - DI_2$ | <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Parámetros abcd</i></p> $V_2 = aV_1 - bI_1$ $I_2 = cV_1 - dI_1$ |